he Fedora project combines the benefits of Red Hat engineering with the freedom and flexibility of a community-based distro. The latest Fedora offers advances such as new tools, improved looks, and better security. We are proud to bring you Fedora 8 as this month's *Linux Magazine* DVD.

What's New

The latest version of Fedora comes with Linux kernel 2.6.23, as well as the Gnome 2.20 and KDE 3.5.8 desktops.

The Fedora art team unveils a new look and feel known as Infinity, and the

System Requirements

Processor:	Pentium class; Graphics
	mode, 400MHz or better;
	Text mode, 200MHz or
	better.
Memory:	Graphics mode, 192MB min-
	imum/256MB recom-
	mended; Text mode: 128MB
	minimum.
Hard Disk:	The necessary disk space
	varies depending on your
	configuration.

FEDORA 8

new Nodoka Gnome theme is also included. OpenOffice 2.3 comes with major improvements to Chart, enhancements to the Base report writer, and new features for extension developers.

The Compiz Fusion 3D compositing window manager – which merges the Compiz and Beryl 3D windowing tools – provides stunning 3D effects. You'll also find new power-management features and better support for laptops. Network Manager 0.7 offers better wireless network management.

Multimedia improvements include default support for the PulseAudio sound server and CodecBuddy, a tool for helping users navigate the maze of open and proprietary multimedia formats.

Packages

Fedora provides a comprehensive package-management system for installing and updating applications. The yum package tool offers efficient installation from the command line, and Pirut lets you manage packages from the graphic desktop. The Pup updater automatically looks for package updates. The latest Fedora comes with performance enhancements for yum, as well as new features for Pirut.

Security Matters

Fedora's advanced security tools are evidence of its Red Hat parentage. Support

for the SELinux mandatory access control system and execution control features such as No eXecute and Position Independent Executables (PIE) are included in Fedora 8. Fedora also offers support for ELF data hardening, buffer overflow detection, and restricted kernel memory access.

FORTIFY_SOURCE, which prevents many common security exploits, has been enhanced to support C ++. The SE-Linux version included with Fedora 8 comes with additional improvements, such as new Kiosk support and several security policy updates.

Red Hat's security emphasis is reflected in other applications and components throughout the Fedora 8 environment. For instance, Fedora comes with new secure remote-management capabilities for virtualization tools such as Xen, KVM, and Qemu. The graphical firewall configuration tool systemconfig-firewall is also inside.

Try It!

Red Hat engineers and an active open source development community help to make Fedora 8 a feature-rich, userfriendly distribution with everything you need to access the web, create office documents, play music and videos, manage photos, play games, and more. We hope you enjoy this month's *Linux Magazine* DVD.



Figure 1: Logging in is easy with Fedora 8.



Figure 2: The Fedora art team turns out another stylish desktop.



HELP & SUPPORT

The Fedora Project website has a helpful installation guide and other useful documents: http://docs.fedoraproject.org. You may also want to check out the Fedora FAQ: http://fedoraproject.org/wiki/FAQ. Community help is available through the Fedora forum: http://fedoraforum.org.



Figure 3: Manage your firewall from a handy user interface.

HIGHLIGHTS

Linux Kernel 2.6.23
X.org 7.3
Gnome 2.20
KDE 3.5.8
GCC 4.1.2
yum 3.2.7
Pirut 1.3
glibc 2.7
OpenOffice 2.3.0
Evolution 2.12
Firefox 2.0
Perl 5.8.8
Python 2.5
Xen 3.1.0
httpd 2.2.6
Samba 3.0.25
Sendmail 8.14.1
MySQL 5.0.45
PostgreSQL 8.2.5

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

[1] Fedora Project: http://fedoraproject.org/

[2] Fedora 8 release notes: http://docs.fedoraproject.org/ release-notes/f8/en_US/

[3] Fedora Desktop user guide: http://fedoraproject.org/wiki/Docs/ DesktopUserGuide

han those availat lisabled state, a s tenied, or a fully a	d Linux (SELinux) provides finer-grained security controls le in a traditional Linux system. It can be set up in a state which only warns about things which would be crive state. Most people should keep the default	
SELinux Setting:	Enforcing	

Sack Sorward

Figure 4: SELinux provides mandatory access control.

BELinux

SELinux

Create Use